

Research Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest Policy and Procedures

US HHS/PHS sponsored research

SOP Number SOP-ORG-008 – Research Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest Policy and Procedures: US HHS/PHS sponsored research **Status** Approved Version 2022 v1 Custodian Exco 11 July 2022 Approval date **Effective date** 1 October 2022 **Due for Review** 1 October 2023 James McIntyre Prepared by (Name, Signature) **Date** 8 July 2022 **Reviewed by Exco** Glenn Joseph (Name, Signature) Date 11 July 2022 Approved by Helen Struthers, CEO (Name, Signature) **Date** 11 July 2022

1. Introduction

The Anova Health Institute (Anova) is responsible for maintaining objectivity in research by ensuring that the design, conduct, and reporting of research are not biased by conflicting financial, equity or intellectual property interest of investigators responsible for the research.

This policy and procedure governing financial conflict of interest applies to all United States Public Health Service (PHS)-sponsored Investigators at Anova. The Institutional Official is responsible for ensuring implementation of this policy and may suspend all relevant activities until the financial conflict of interest is resolved or other action deemed appropriate by the Institutional official is implemented. Violation of any part of these policies may also constitute cause for disciplinary or other administrative action pursuant to Institutional policy.

2. Definitions

Clinical Trial means any PHS-sponsored research study that involves interaction with human subjects and the concurrent investigative use of drugs, biologics, devices or medical or other clinical procedures, such as surgery.

Conflict of Interest Committee (COI Committee) means the Institution's committee or individual that advises the Institutional Official on conflict-of-interest matters. The committee consists of three members of the Anova Executive Committee and is appointed by the Anova Chief Executive Officer.

Family means any member of the Investigator's immediate family, specifically, any dependent children and spouse.

Financial Interest means anything of monetary value received or held by an Investigator or an Investigator's Family, whether or not the value is readily ascertainable, including, but not limited to: salary or other payments for services (e.g., consulting fees, honoraria, or paid authorships for other than scholarly works); any equity interests (e.g., stocks, stock options, or other ownership interests); and intellectual property rights and interests (e.g., patents, trademarks, service marks, and copyrights), upon receipt of royalties or other income related to such intellectual property rights and interests.

Financial Interest does NOT include:

- a) salary, royalties, or other remuneration from the Institution.
- b) income from the authorship of academic or scholarly works.
- c) income from seminars, lectures, or teaching engagements sponsored by or from advisory committees or review panels for U.S. Federal, state or local governmental agencies; U.S. institutions of higher education; research institutes affiliated with institutions of higher education, academic teaching hospitals, and medical centers; or equity interests or income from investment vehicles, such as mutual funds and retirement accounts, so long as the Investigator does not directly control the investment decisions made in these vehicles.

For Investigators, *Financial Interest* also includes any reimbursed or sponsored travel undertaken by the Investigator and related to his/her institutional responsibilities. This includes travel that is paid on behalf of the Investigator as well as travel that is reimbursed, even if the exact monetary value is not readily available. It excludes travel reimbursed or sponsored by U.S. Federal, state or

local governmental agencies, U.S. institutions of higher education, research institutes affiliated with institutions of higher education, academic teaching hospitals, and medical centers.

Significant Financial Interest means a Financial Interest that reasonably appears to be related to the Investigator's Institutional Responsibilities, and:

- a) if with a publicly traded entity, the aggregate value of any salary or other payments for services received during the 12-month period preceding the disclosure, and the value of any equity interest during the 12-month period preceding or as of the date of disclosure, exceeds USD 5,000, or the South African Rand equivalent at the time of report; or
- b) if with a non-publicly traded entity, the aggregate value of any salary or other payments for services received during the 12-month period preceding the disclosure exceeds USD 5,000, or the South African Rand equivalent at the time of report; or
- c) if with a non-publicly-traded company, is an equity interest of any value during the 12-month period preceding or as of the date of disclosure; or
- d) is income exceeding USD 5,000, or the South African Rand equivalent at the time of report, related to intellectual property rights and interests not reimbursed through the Institution, or
- e) is reimbursed or sponsored travel related to their institutional responsibilities.

Financial Conflict of Interest means a Significant Financial Interest (or, where the Institutional official requires disclosure of other Financial Interests, a Financial Interest) that the Institution reasonably determines could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct or reporting of PHS-sponsored research.

Institutional official means the individual within the Institution that is responsible for the solicitation and review of disclosures of significant financial interests including those of the Investigator's Family related to the Investigator's institutional responsibilities. For the purposes of this policy, the Institutional Official is designated as Dr. Helen Struthers.

Institutional responsibilities mean the Investigator's professional responsibilities associated with his or her Institutional appointment or position, such as research, teaching, clinical activities, administration, and institutional, internal and external professional committee service.

Investigator means any individual who is responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of PHS sponsored research, or proposals for such funding. This definition is not limited to those titled or budgeted as principal investigator or co-investigator on a particular proposal, and may include postdoctoral associates, senior scientists, or graduate students. The definition may also include collaborators or consultants as appropriate.

Public Health Service or PHS means the Public Health Service of the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), and any components of the PHS to which the authority of the PHS may be delegated

The components of the PHS include, but are not limited to, the Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Aging, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Federal Occupational Health, Food and Drug Administration, Health Resources and Services Administration, Indian Health Service, National Institutes of Health, and Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.

Research means a systematic investigation, study, or experiment designed to contribute to generalizable knowledge relating broadly to public health, including behavioral and social-sciences

research. The term encompasses basic and applied research (e.g., a published article, book, or book chapter) and product development (e.g., a diagnostic test or drug).

3. Conflict of Interest

This policy and procedure are predicated on the expectation that Investigators should conduct their affairs so as to avoid or minimize conflicts of interest and must respond appropriately when conflicts of interest arise. To that end, this standard operating procedure (SOP) informs Investigators about situations that generate conflicts of interest related to research, provides mechanisms for Investigators and the Institution to manage those conflicts of interest that arise, and describes situations that are prohibited. Every Investigator has an obligation to become familiar with, and abide by, the provisions of this SOP. If a situation raising questions of conflict of interest arises, an Investigator should discuss the situation with the Institutional official.

4. Procedures

4.1. Disclosure of Financial Interests

All Investigators are required to disclose their outside financial interests as defined above to the Institution on an annual and on an ad hoc basis, as described below. The Institutional official is responsible for the distribution, receipt, processing, review and retention of disclosure forms.

4.1.1. Annual Disclosures

All Investigators must disclose their Significant Financial Interests that are related to the investigator's institutional responsibilities to the Institution, through the Institutional Official, on an annual basis. All forms should be submitted to the Institutional official or designee by 30 April for the previous calendar year.

4.1.2.Ad hoc Disclosures

In addition to annual disclosure, certain situations require ad hoc disclosure. All Investigators must disclose their Significant Financial Interests to the Institution, through the Institutional Official, within 30 days of their initial appointment or employment.

Prior to entering into PHS-sponsored projects or applications for PHS-sponsored projects, where the Investigator has a Significant Financial Interest, the Investigator must affirm the currency of the annual disclosure or submit to the Institutional Official an ad hoc updated disclosure of his or her Significant Financial Interests with the outside entity. The Institution will not submit a research proposal unless the Investigator(s) have submitted such ad hoc disclosures.

In addition, all Investigators must submit to the Institutional official an ad hoc disclosure of any Significant Financial Interest they acquire or discover during the course of the year within thirty (30) days of discovering or acquiring the Significant Financial Interest.

4.1.3.Travel

Investigators must also disclose reimbursed or sponsored travel related to their institutional responsibilities, as defined above in the definition of Financial Interest and Significant Financial

Interest. Such disclosures must include, at a minimum, the purpose of the trip, the identity of the sponsor/organizer, the destination, the duration, and, if known, the monetary value. The Institutional Official will determine if additional information is needed (e.g., the monetary value if not already disclosed) to determine whether the travel constitutes a Financial Conflict of Interest with the Investigator's research.

4.2. Review and Decision of the Institutional Official

If the disclosure form reveals a Significant Financial Interest, it will be reviewed promptly by the Institutional Official or designee for a determination of whether it constitutes a Financial Conflict of Interest. If a Financial Conflict of Interest exists, the Institutional Official will take action to manage the financial conflict of interest including the reduction or elimination of the conflict, as appropriate. The Institutional Official may consult the COI Committee for guidance in specific cases, or in the application of the policy to particular situations.

A Financial Conflict of Interest will exist when the Institutional Official or designee determines that a Significant Financial Interest could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of PHS-sponsored research. If the Institutional Official determines that there is a Financial Conflict of Interest that can be managed, he or she must develop and implement a written management plan. The affected Investigator must formally agree to the proposed management strategies and sign the written management plan before any related PHS- sponsored research goes forward.

The Institutional Official will periodically review the ongoing activity, monitor the conduct of the activity (including use of students and postdoctoral appointees), to ensure open and timely dissemination of the research results, and to otherwise oversee compliance with the management plan.

4.3. Clinical Trials

Review of Significant Financial Interests Related to Clinical Trials

- a. Clinical trials involve particularly sensitive issues if the Investigator has a Financial Interest related to the clinical trial.
- b. In the event of non-compliance with reporting and/or management of a financial conflict of interest involving a PHS-sponsored clinical research project whose purpose is to evaluate the safety or effectiveness of a drug, medical device, or treatment as required by this Policy, the investigator must disclose the financial conflicts of interest in each public presentation of the results of the affected PHS-sponsored research and request an addendum to previously published presentations.

4.4. Reporting to PHS

The institutional official will report financial conflicts of interest or non-compliance to PHS in accordance with PHS regulations. If the funding for the Research is made available from a prime PHS-awardee, such reports shall be made to the prime awardee prior to the expenditure of any funds and within 60 days of any subsequently identified financial conflict of interest such that the prime awardee may fulfill their reporting obligations to the PHS.

4.5. Investigator Non-Compliance

a) Disciplinary Action

In the event of an Investigator's failure to comply with this Policy, the Institutional official may suspend all relevant activities or take other disciplinary action until the matter is resolved or other action deemed appropriate by the Institutional official is implemented.

An Institutional Official's decision to impose sanctions on an Investigator because of failure to comply with this Policy, or failure to comply with the decision of the Institutional official, will be described in a written explanation of the decision to the investigator, COI Committee and, where applicable, the IRB, and will notify the individual of the right to appeal the decision. The institution will promptly notify the PHS Awarding Component of the action taken or to be taken. If the funding for the research is made available from a prime PHS awardee, such notification shall be made promptly to the prime awardee for reporting to PHS.

b) Retrospective Review

In addition, if the Institutional Official determines that a Financial Conflict of Interest was not identified or managed in a timely manner, including but not limited to an Investigator's failure to disclose a Significant Financial Interest that is determined to be a Financial Conflict of Interest, or failure by an Investigator to materially comply with a management plan for a Financial Conflict of Interest, a committee appointed by the Institutional Official will complete a retrospective review of the Investigator's activities and the PHS-sponsored research project to determine whether the research conducted during the period of non- compliance was biased in the design, conduct or reporting of the research.

Documentation of the retrospective review shall include the project number, project title, PI, name of Investigator with the Financial Conflict of Interest, name of the entity with which the Investigator has the Financial Conflict of Interest, reason(s) for the retrospective review, detailed methodology used for the retrospective review, and findings and conclusions of the review.

The Institutional official will update any previously submitted report to the PHS or the prime PHS-awardee relating to the research, specifying the actions that will be taken to manage the Financial Conflict of Interest going forward. This retrospective review will be completed in the manner and within the time frame established in PHS regulations. If bias is found, the institution will promptly notify the PHS Awarding Component and submit a mitigation report in accordance with the PHS regulations. The mitigation report will identify elements documented in the retrospective review, a description of the impact of the bias on the research project and the plan of action to eliminate or mitigate the effect of the bias.

4.6. Training

Each Investigator must complete training on this Policy, the investigator's responsibilities regarding disclosure and the PHS regulations prior to engaging in research funded by PHS, and at least every four years thereafter. They must also complete training within a reasonable period of time as determined by the Institutional Official in the event that this Policy is substantively amended in a manner that affects the requirements of Investigators, if the investigator is new to the institution, or if it is determined that the Investigator has not complied with this policy or with a management plan related to their activities.

4.7. Record Retention

The Institutional Official will retain all disclosure forms, conflict management plans, and related

documents for a period of three years from the date the final expenditure report is submitted to the PHS or to the prime PHS awardee, unless any litigation, claim, financial management review, or audit is started before the expiration of the three year period, the records shall be retained until all litigation, claims or audit findings involving the records have been resolved and final action taken.

4.8. Confidentiality

To the extent permitted by law, all disclosure forms, conflict management plans, and related information will be confidential. However, the Institution may be required to make such information available to the PHS Awarding Component and/or United States Health and Human Services Department (HHS), to a requestor of information concerning financial conflict of interest related to PHS funding or to the primary entity who made the funding available to the Institution, if requested or required. If the Institution is requested to provide disclosure forms, conflict management plans, and related information to an outside entity, the Investigator will be informed of this disclosure.

4.9. Public Accessibility

Prior to the expenditure of funds, the Institution will publish on a publicly-accessible website or respond to any requestor within five business days of the request, information concerning any Significant Financial Interest that meets the following criteria:

- a. The Significant Financial Interest was disclosed and is still held by the senior and key personnel;
- b. A determination has been made that the Significant Financial Interest is related to the PHS-funded research; and
- c. A determination has been made that the Significant Financial Interest is a Financial Conflict of Interest.

The information to be made available shall be consistent with the requirements of the PHS regulation.

5. Regulatory Authority

This policy and procedure apply to Anova Health Institute employees working on United States PHS or HHS funded projects, and as such implements the requirements of 42 CFR 50 Subpart F and 45 CFR 94. Where there are substantive differences between this policy and the requirements, the requirements shall take precedence.

ANOVA HEALTH INSTITUTE

Research Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest: US HHS/PHS sponsored research V1.4, 1 July 2022

Financial Interests Report

Procedi		ant to the requirements of the ANOVA HEALTH INSTITUTE Standard Operating search Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest; US HHS/PHS sponsored research
Name:		
l am re _l	porting or	activities: ☐ for the year ☐ as an addendum to my most recent report
□ yes	no	1. Compensation (including travel expenses). Have you or a member of your Family received compensation from a for-profit entity for activities such as consulting, expert witness, advisory board membership, and the like? If yes, furnish information on an additional page.
□ yes	□ no	2. Equity . Do you or a member of your family own stock or hold stock options with a publicly-traded or privately-owned entity? If yes, furnish information on an additional page.
□ yes	□ no	3. Role . Do you or a member of your family serve as a director, trustee, officer or other key employee in a for-profit corporation, partnership, business, or other entity outside of the Anova Health Institute. If yes, furnish information on an additional page.
□ yes	no	4. Intellectual Property. Do you or a member of your family have rights to and/or receive royalties from intellectual property (including, patents copyrights and trademarks but excluding academic or scholarly works) licensed to and/or owned by a for-profit entity? Do NOT include intellectual property owned or managed by the Anova Health Institute. If yes, furnish information on an additional page.
Certific	ation:	
		nderstand the Anova Health Institute's policy and procedure on Conflict of Interest ojects and have completed this report to the best of knowledge and belief.
manage those o	e any real f my Fam	comply with any conditions or restrictions imposed by the Anova Health Institute to or perceived conflicts. Should my outside financial or managerial interests, or ly, change in a way that results in different answers to any of the questions asked in e to submit a revision.
(Date)		(Signature)
	additional page(s) attached Attach one per entity	

Name:			
Reporting for self, or family me name			
Name of External Entity:			
Address of External Entity:			
Type of external relationshi Consultant Speaker Advisory Board or Co Equity Holdings Governing Board or Co Intellectual Property Royalty Income Other (describe belo	ommittee Officer Rights		
Amount of compensation or financial interest in reporting period: USD			
If travel paid by entity: Destination:			
Reason for travel:			
Amount:	USD		
Comments or explanatory in	nformation:		

Addition to Financial Interests Report of:

SOP-ORG-008 – Research Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest Policy and Procedures: US HHS/PHS sponsored research (2022 v1 - 1 July 2022)